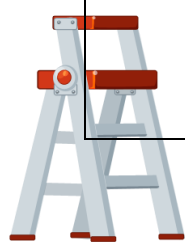


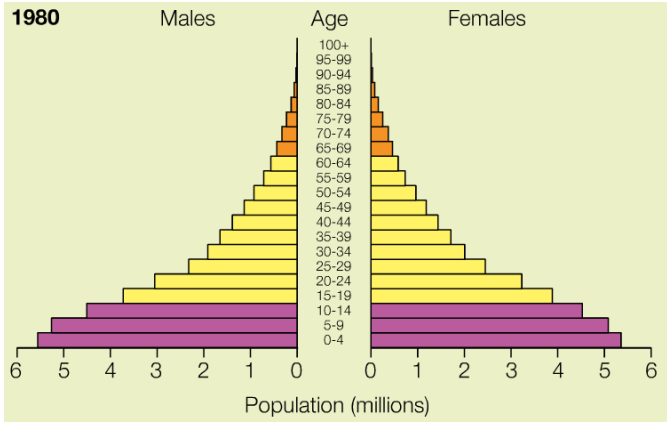
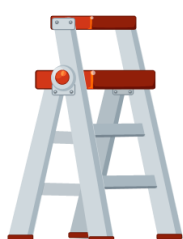


Percentage	I can ...	Prove it!
	<p>I can apply my understanding of a specific place to accurately answer a case study question.</p> <p>This will often involve breaking information into parts and using knowledge from other parts of the unit to achieve the highest marks.</p> <p>CASE STUDIES:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • JAMAICA • NIGERIA • UK 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Jamaica - Using a case study you have studied, describe how tourism can be used to help a country develop and the challenges it can bring. 2. <i>Overall economic development in Nigeria has a positive impact.</i> To what extent do you agree with this statement? 3. <i>Overall economic development in Nigeria has improved quality of life.</i> To what extent do you agree with this statement? 4. <i>It is possible for a car company to both contribute to the economic development of an area and to be sustainable.</i> Discuss. 5. <i>The south has a better quality of life than the north.</i> To what extent do you agree with this statement?
	<p>I can compare two or more factors using detailed evidence to back up my comparison. I make sure I explain how they will impact differently.</p> <p>I can break information into parts.</p> <p>I can use specific case studies or examples to provide evidence in my work.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Describe, using examples, the social and economic causes of the development gap. 2) Describe, using examples, the historical and physical causes of the development gap. 3) Describe, using three specific examples, strategies to reduce the development gap. 4) Describe how Nigeria's employment sectors have changed. <i>Hint: primary - secondary.</i> 5) Using a named example describe how TNCs in Nigeria have a positive and negative impact. 6) Using specific examples describe how economic development can negatively impact on Nigeria. 7) Compare how England's employment sectors have changed between 1900 and 2016. 8) Assess the advantages and disadvantages of Cambridge as a location for a Science Park. 9) Using an example, describe how industrial development can be sustainable. <i>Hint - cars.</i> 10) Describe the social and economic impacts of a growing population in rural UK. 11) Describe the social and economic impacts of a declining population in rural UK. 12) Describe the positive and negative impacts of improvements to road and rail networks in the UK 13) Describe the positive and negative impacts of improvements to ports and airports in the UK. 14) How do the north and south of the UK differ in regards to quality of life? Use evidence/examples. 15) Describe how trade groups, such as the Commonwealth and EU have impacted on the UK.



Percentage	I can ...	Prove it!
 <p>60%</p>	<p>I can demonstrate a clear understanding of facts and processes through explanation, which follows a detailed structure that ensures I explain my point/s to the fullest.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>I believe.....because..... This means that..... As a result.....</i> <i>I choose.....because..... This means that..... As a result.....</i> <i>One way is.....because..... This means that..... As a result.....</i> 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Explain why it is important to use more than one development indicator. 2) Explain why Nigeria is globally important. 3) Explain why corrupt governments and civil wars prevented Nigeria from developing. 4) Explain why there has been an increase in secondary manufacturing industries in Nigeria 5) Explain how economic development has improved quality of life in Nigeria. 6) Explain why there has been a decrease in secondary industries and an increase in tertiary in the UK. 7) Why are business parks located near universities? 8) Explain why some rural areas are experiencing population growth. 9) Explain how being a member of the EU affected the UK. 10) Explain how being a member of the Commonwealth affected the UK
 <p>48%</p>	<p>Demonstrate an understanding of facts and ideas through detailed description, which uses evidence to back up points.</p> <p><i>Make your point and then give two examples.</i></p> 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) What is the human development index (HDI)? 2) Describe the difference between GNI and GDP. 3) Describe how development indicators are used to determine how developed a country is. 4) Describe the population structure of the population pyramids to the left. 5) Describe two causes of the development gap 6) Describe three strategies to reduce the development gap. 7) Describe Nigeria's main exports. 8) Describe how TNCs positive and negatively impact on Nigeria. 9) Describe an example of successful aid in Nigeria 10) Describe three environmental impacts of economic growth in Nigeria. 11) Describe how the industry sectors have changed since in the UK 1800 (primary - quaternary). 12) Describe what led to the UK's de-industrialisation and post-industrial economy. 13) Describe how the UK is improving its road and rail networks 14) Describe how the UK is improving its ports and airports. 15) How do road and rail improvements help to boost the national and local economy? 16) Describe how the government have tried to reduce the gap between the south and north. 17) Describe three links the UK has with the wider world.



Percentage	I can ...	Prove it!
	<p>I can recall facts, identify factors or points and organise my ideas in a logical way.</p> <p><i>The definition of.....is.....</i></p> <p><i>Two ways that.....</i></p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) List three development indicators. 2) What is the definition of GNI and GDP? 3) What is an anomaly? 4) Identify four anomalies in the table below. 5) What is a population pyramid? 6) What is the demographic transition model? 7) List three causes of the development gap. 8) List two effects of the development gap. 9) Identify four strategies to reduce the development gap. 10) List two reasons why Nigeria is important. 11) What happened in 1960? 12) What are Nigeria's two main exports? 13) List two advantages and disadvantages of TNCs in Nigeria. 14) List two negative environmental impacts of economic development in Nigeria. 15) What does de-industrialization mean? 16) What is a post industrial economy? 17) What tertiary and quaternary industries are found in the UK? 18) List two improvements to the UK's roads and railways. 19) List two differences in the north and south of the UK.

Key Words

- Birth Rate & Death Rate
- Natural Increase
- Demographic Transition Model
- Fairtrade
- Gross National Income (GNI)
- Gross Domestic Product (GDP)
- Human Development Index (HDI)
- Infant Mortality
- Information Technology
- Literacy Rate
- Life Expectancy
- Microfinance Loan
- Transnational Corporations (TNCs)
- Trade

Country	GNI per capita (US \$) (2010)	HDI (2010)	Birth rate per 1,000 per year	Death rate per 1,000 per year	Infant mortality per 1,000 live births per year	Number of doctors per 1,000 people	Literacy rate (%)	Percentage of population with access to clean water
USA	47,020	0.902	13.8	8.4	6.1	2.3	99.0	99
Japan	34,790	0.884	7.3	10.1	2.8	2.0	99.0	100
UK	36,580	0.849	12.3	9.3	4.6	2.2	99.0	100
Turkey	14,580	0.679	17.9	6.1	23.9	1.3	88.7	99
Romania	14,050	0.767	9.6	11.8	11.0	1.9	97.6	61
Brazil	10,920	0.699	17.8	6.4	21.2	2.1	90.0	97
China	7,570	0.663	12.3	7.0	16.1	1.5	95.9	89
Ivory Coast	1,650	0.397	31.0	10.2	64.8	0.1	48.7	80
Bangladesh	1,620	0.469	23.0	5.8	50.7	0.3	53.5	80
Zimbabwe	460	0.140	30.0	15.0	56.0	0.6	90.7	82

